

The Chicago Eagle

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By Henry F. Donovan.

SATURDAY, JUNE 14, 1913.

LEGISLATIVE NEWS.

The Woman's Suffrage bill passed. Senator Waage moved to recall the Cook County civil service bill and Senator Magill moved to table that motion. On roll call the Waage motion was tabled 25 to 23, the two Progressives voting with the Republicans.

The Magill text book bill, requiring book publishers to file copies of all books offered for sale in Illinois with the superintendent of public instruction, together with a sworn statement of the lowest price at which such books are sold anywhere in the United States and requiring that they shall not be sold in this state at a price higher than the lowest price at which they are sold elsewhere, passed the senate.

Representative Medill McCormick's resolution for the appointment of a commission to investigate old age pensions was favorably acted upon by the house committee on labor.

The bill appropriating \$125,000 for armories for national guards, \$100,000 for the Second regiment at Chicago, and \$20,000 for Quincy passed the house.

The house passed the bill providing that when the governor and adjutant general sell the old Second regiment armory on Washington boulevard, in Chicago, the proceeds be applied to the erection of the new armory.

The house passed the bill appropriating \$255,000 for armories, of which \$225,000 is for an armory for the First cavalry in Chicago and \$30,000 is for the Third infantry at Ottawa.

Catlin's bill, giving the Lincoln Park commissioners control over Sheridan road to the state line and providing uniform system of policing, passed the house.

The house appropriation committee reported with favorable recommendation the bill passed by the senate, providing a deportation agent and an assistant for the city of Chicago.

A bill annexing Riverside, Melrose Park, Forest Park, River Forest, Franklin Park and River Drive to the sanitary district passed the house.

The house also passed the bill curing a defect in the annexation law so that Morgan Park can be joined to Chicago.

TO SELL THE PHILIPPINES.

There is a strong movement on foot in Eastern States favoring the selling of the Philippines to the Japs and confining the United States Government to the Western Hemisphere.

In the current issue of Harper's Weekly appears an interesting article by Victor Rousseau, in which this author takes the view that Japan must soon acquire the Philippines or starve. He goes on to show that the Philippines are in the direct path of Japan's southern expansion, and that they are the only territory in which Japan can adequately settle its surplus people. These islands have an area slightly larger than Japan, and a population of fewer than eight millions. This article concludes with the following paragraph: "A Philippine Republic is an unrealizable aspiration, nor could it survive; nor could we carry out our guarantee of protection. To set up one would be to invite reoccupation within a term of years. But to approach Japan, offering her the protectorate over the islands, would convert an inevitable enemy into a friend and ally whose assistance would be of incalculable value in the development of our Chinese trade, the recognition of our title to the Hawaiian Islands, and our security upon our Western shores."

John C. Paul would make a splendid member of the Board of Review.

Joseph E. Flanagan, the well-known business man and Democratic leader, is talked of for County Treasurer.

In James Hamilton Lewis Illinois has a representative in the United States Senate that she can always point to with pride.

Frank H. Novak, the popular attorney, has always been an active

worker for the success of the Democratic party at the polls. His friends will not stop until they place him where he belongs, on the bench.

Albert H. Putney would make a fine United States District Attorney.

Judge Edward Osgood Brown's grand record on the Circuit bench has won for him the highest esteem of the people of Cook County. His appointment to the Federal bench would be a popular one.

Judge Charles A. McDonald is making a splendid record on the Superior Court bench. He is a conscientious and fair-minded judge.

Both as a judge and a citizen John R. Caverly is liked by everybody who knows him.

Judge Joseph Z. Uhler's record on the Municipal court bench is one that he can well be proud of. He is an honest, hardworking and fair-minded judge.

William L. Hoerber, the well-known and popular secretary of the J. L. Hoerber Brewing Company, would make a fine County Treasurer.

Granville W. Browning, the popular and highly respected Master-in-Chancery, would make a good Federal Judge.

Michael McInerney, the popular former alderman, would prove a strong Democratic candidate for Sheriff next year.

James V. O'Donnell, the well-known attorney, is in line for a seat on the bench.

The many friends of P. J. Hamler, the well-known boiler man, are urging him to become a candidate for Sheriff next year.

How many public officials are owned by the Chicago Railways Company?

Bernard F. Weber is talked of for Collector of Internal Revenue.

Frank J. Hogan, the popular and well-known lawyer, would make a fine Municipal Judge.

Walter E. Schmidt's big army of friends predict his nomination for County Treasurer by the Republicans next year.

Dow B. Lewis is being urged by his friends to run for County Commissioner.

Judge Thomas F. Scully continues to please his big list of friends by his fine record on the Municipal Court bench.

Congressman Thomas Gallagher of Chicago made a great speech against prohibition on the proposed interstate prohibition law.

As a member of the County Board, John E. Maloney is working hard all the time in the interest of the taxpayers.

Judge John R. Caverly is daily adding to his popularity in Chicago by his splendid record on the Municipal Court bench.

Cook county never had an abler or more conscientious public official than County Judge John E. Owens.

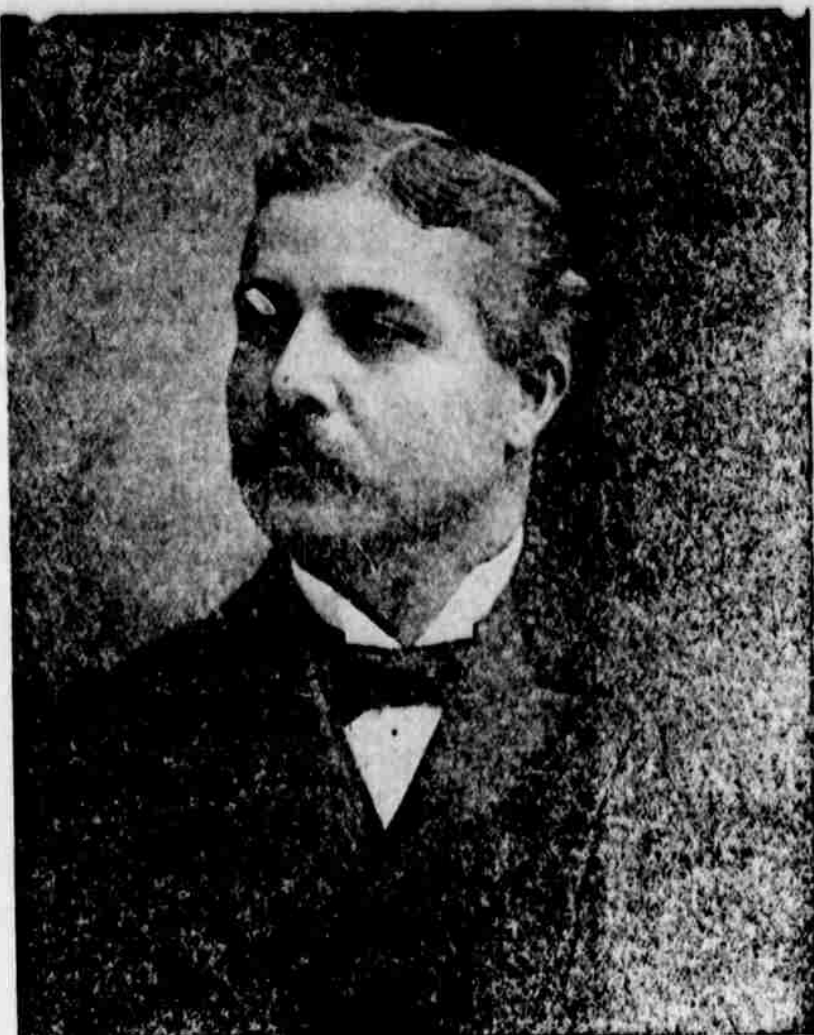
Cook county never had a better County Judge than John E. Owens.

Frank H. Novak, the well-known lawyer and Democratic leader, would make a fine United States District Attorney.

Zina R. Carter would make a fine County Treasurer.

John J. Coburn would make an able and fearless District Attorney for Northern Illinois.

Albert J. Hopkins' honest and clean record in the United States Senate

CHARLES H. WACKER.
Hard Worker for Chicago's Welfare.

won for him the admiration of all Illinoisans.

Frank H. Novak, the popular attorney, is being talked of by many Democrats for Judge of the Probate Court.

Joseph E. Flanagan, the well-known business man and Democratic leader, is strongly talked of for President of the County Board.

Charles C. Breyer, the well-known West Side plumber and Democratic leader, is being boomed for a seat on the County Board.

George K. Schmidt, the popular banker and former Alderman and County Commissioner, is talked of for County Treasurer.

Fifty years ago, Michael Keeley, founder of the Keeley Brewing Company and one of the most upright and



MICHAEL KEELEY.

progressive citizens that Chicago ever had, was County Treasurer of Cook County.

William A. Doyle would make an excellent Federal Judge.

No lawyer in Chicago has a larger host of friends and admirers than John J. Coburn.

Chicago daily newspapers which own stock in the Telephone Company are very anxious to maintain high telephone rates.

Judge Kichham Scanlan has made a grand record on the bench. He is a fair-minded, able and fearless judge.

Walter E. Schmidt's friends are daily boosting him for County Treasurer.

Judge Harry P. Dolan is making the fine record to the Municipal Court

bench that every one of his friends knew he would make. He is a fair-minded and conscientious Judge.

Judge Denis E. Sullivan is making the fine record on the Superior Court bench that every one of his big army of friends knew he would make.

Chicago is proud to claim P. J. O'Keefe as one of her ablest lawyers and leading citizens.

The city should take possession of the Chicago Railways lines and give the public good service.

Thomas Conley, the well-known tailor, is talked of for Appraiser of the Port.

Michael Umdenstock, the well-known lithographer and war veteran, would make a fine United States marshal.

William Hale Thompson's big army of friends in Chicago are a unit in their desire to see him Mayor of Chicago.

C. Helmer Johnson stands foremost among Chicago's able lawyers and most popular citizens.

Bernard F. Weber, the well-known real estate man and Democratic leader, is strongly talked of for Collector of Customs.

George K. Schmidt, the well known and well liked former County Commissioner and Alderman, is talked of by many for County Treasurer.

John M. Duffy, the well known lawyer, has a big army of friends in Chicago, every one of whom would like to see him on the bench.

Judge John R. Caverly has made a record on the Municipal Court bench that he can be justly proud of.

Until we have the recall terms of offices should stay the way they are.

Henry Stuckart is daily being talked of for County Treasurer.

The legislature should pass a recall law for all local offices as soon as possible.

John J. Bradley is being talked by his big army of friends for County Treasurer.

Chicago gives to its people the poorest water service of any city in the world for the money they pay for it. With an exhaustless body of fresh water at her door Chicago is constantly talking about installing water meters in every flat and in every home to stop "waste." This is in the face of the fact that the enormous surplus in the water fund is constantly being appropriated to meet other expenses of the city government instead of being used to extend and build up the water system. Water meters in every flat in Chicago would bring on a pestilence in this big city in a short time.

The fellows who are shouting for water meters are grafters. Every man who talks of water meters or water waste in the homes of Chicago should be charged as a public enemy.

The people cannot have too much water.

To limit its use means pestilence and disease. New York goes 168 miles for fresh water and the great aqueduct which carries it to her people cost over \$500,000,000. It is one of the marvels of modern times and ranks alongside of the Panama Canal as one of the wonders of the world.

Liverpool, England, is supplied with fresh water by an aqueduct which brings a supply from Wales and yet there is no talk of "waste" over there. Other European cities go even farther for their supply of water.

But Chicago, with an abundance at hand, is always howling about "waste." Who is behind this water meter graft anyway?

An enormous sum was diverted from the water fund this winter to supply the wants of other city departments as you can learn from the recommendations of the finance committee

to the city council in the printed council reports.

If the water fund was properly used, a pumping station could be built at the lake end of every section line in the city.

If this was done you would hear no more about "water waste" and the necessity for meters in every house.

CITY OFFICES—NEW CITY HALL.

City Architect.

Tenth floor, South end.
Board of Election Commissioners.
Third floor, South end.
Charles H. Kellerman.
Anthony Casaracki.
Howard S. Taylor.

William H. Stuart, chief clerk.
Charles H. Mitchell, attorney.
Board of Examiners.

Motor vehicle operators, 10th floor.
North end.
Moving picture operators, 10th floor.
North end.

Plumbers, 10th floor, North end.
Stationary engineers, 10th floor.
North end.

Board of inspectors of public vehicles, 3d floor, North end.
Board of Local Improvements.
General offices, 3d floor, South end.

Public hearing rooms, 1st floor.
North end.
Law department, 2d floor, South end.

Boiler inspection.
Sixth floor, South end.
Building Department.
Seventh floor, North end.

Bridge Division.
Fourth floor, North end.
Business Agent.
Vault floor, North end.

City Attorney.
Sixth floor, North end.
City Clerk.
First floor, South end.

City Collector.
First floor, South end.
City Comptroller.
General office, 5th floor, North end.

Auditor, 5th floor, North end.
Paymaster, 5th floor, North end.
Real estate agent, 5th floor, North end.

City Council.
Council chamber, 2d floor, North end.
General committee-rooms, 2d floor, North end.

Committee on finance, 2d floor, North end.
Committee on local transportation, 3d floor.

Special park commission, 10th floor, North end.
City Electrician.
Sixth floor, Center.

City Hall.
Superintendent, 4d floor, North end.
Chief janitor, 3d floor, North end.

City Sealer.
Vault floor, South end.
City Statistician.
Tenth floor, North end.

City Treasurer.
Second floor, Center.
Civil Service Commission.
General offices, 6th floor, South end.

Examining-room, 10th floor, Center.
Bureau of Compensation.
Vault floor, South end.

Corporation Counsel.
Fifth floor, South end.
Bureau of Engineering (City Engineer).

Fourth floor, North end.
Department of Electricity.
Sixth floor, Center.

Finance Committee.
Second floor, North end.
Fire Department.
Fire marshal, 1st floor, North end.

Fire alarm telegraph, 6th floor, Center.
Firemen's pension fund, secretary of board of trustees (city clerk), 1st floor, South end.

Bureau of Gas Inspection.
Vault floor, South end.
Inspector of Oils.
Tenth floor, South end.

Harbor Division.
Fourth floor, North end.
Department of Health.
Commissioner of health, 7th floor.

Bureau of sanitary inspection, 7th floor.
Bureau of contagious diseases, 7th floor.
Bureau of food inspection, 7th floor.

Bureau of vital statistics, 7th floor.
Department of Law.
Corporation counsel, 5th floor, South end.

City attorney, 6th floor, North end.
Prosecuting attorney, 6th floor, North end.

Special assessment attorney, 2d floor, South end.
Local Transportation Committee.
Third floor, North end.

Local Transportation (Traction Export).
Third floor, North end.
Bureau of Maps and Plans.
Fourth floor, North end.

Mayor's Office.
Fifth floor, Center.
Municipal Court—New City Hall.
Courtrooms, 8th, 9th and 11th floors.

Meeting hours for City Council committees are as follows:
Monday—Streets and alleys, 9 o'clock; buildings, 3:30 o'clock.

Tuesday—Schools and police, 1 o'clock; harbors, wharves and bridges 2 o'clock; local industries, 2 o'clock.

Wednesday—Special park commission, 10:30 o'clock; health, 2 o'clock; local transportation, 2 o'clock; track elevation, 3:30 o'clock.

Thursday—Gas, oil and electric light, 2 o'clock; license, 3:30 o'clock; water, 3:30 o'clock.

Friday—Compensation, 11 o'clock; judiciary, 2 o'clock; finance, 2 o'clock; bathing beaches, 3:30 o'clock.

Chairman Block of the local transportation committee named the following subcommittees:

Street Car Service Complaint—Northwest Side—Twigg, Hyldahl, Clancy, North Side—Captain, Lipps, Southwest Side—Schultz, Donahoe, Stewart, South Side—Fisher, Bergen, Carr.

Committee on Wilmette Extension of the Northwestern Elevated Railroad—Block, Twigg, Schultz, Fisher, Captain.

Through Routes—Block, Lipps, Healy.

Committee to Keep in Touch With the Elevated Road's Valuation Commission—Block, Richert, Lipps, Long

SANITARY BOARD

Work the Trustees of the Sanitary District of Chicago Are Doing for the People.

Sanitary District of Chicago.
President, Thomas A. Smyth.
Clerk, John McGillen.
Treasurer, John A. McCormick.

Trustees:
Thomas A. Smyth,
James M. Dalley,
Charles E. Reading,
Edward Kane,
Paul A. Hazard,
Fred D. Breit,
Thomas M. Sullivan,
George W. Paulin,
Wallace G. Clark.

Chicago is to have 34,000 flaming arcs, or their equivalent, as the result of action taken at a joint meeting of the engineering committee of the sanitary district and a committee representing the city.

The engineering committee, of which Thomas Sullivan is chairman, voted unanimously to enter a contract with the city to install 15,000 additional lights and to rehabilitate about 9,000 now in existence. A contract practically completed called for 10,000 flaming arc lamps.

The cost of the new work is estimated to be in the neighborhood of \$5,000,000 and payment will be spread over nine years. When the installations are completed, it is said Chicago will be the best lighted city in the country. Practically all gas lamps will be replaced by electric lights.

The drainage board committee also voted to furnish current to the city in the future on the basis of the actual cost, to be computed by engineers for the district and for the city.

The Trustees of the Sanitary District are doing a great work in the way of purifying the water supply of North Shore cities and villages, as the following report, which was unanimously adopted, proves:

To the Honorable, the President and the Board of Trustees of The Sanitary District of Chicago.

Gentlemen—Your Committee on Engineering reports that the Board on June 22, 1912, authorized and directed the Chief Engineer to prepare plans and specifications for the construction of an intercepting sewer to receive domestic sewage only of the villages of Kenilworth, Winnetka, Gross Point and Glencoe, and in connection therewith to construct settling tanks and appurtenances, also to construct sewage pumping stations, settling tanks and other appurtenances for the village of Morton Grove and do a small amount of cleaning in the West Branch of the Chicago River and that the Clerk advertise for bids for said work in accordance with said plans and specifications.

Your Committee further reports that since said order was passed it has given careful consideration to the work covered by said order and is of the opinion that said order of June 22, 1912, should be repealed, and that the Sanitary District should at the present time only construct an outlet or drain to care for the domestic sewage of the villages of Wilmette, Kenilworth, Winnetka, Glencoe and part of the town of New Trier.

Your Committee further reports that it has received assurances from the corporate authorities of the village of Glencoe that, in consideration of the Sanitary District changing the route of said outlet or drain, through said village, it will pay the extra cost of making said change, amounting to the sum of \$5,000, and will also contribute a further sum of \$5,000 toward the cost of the entire work in said village, and has also received assurances from the corporate authorities of the village of Winnetka that it will contribute the sum of \$3,000 for

changing the route of said outlet or drain, through said village, and further that the village of Kenilworth has provided for the installation of a separate system of sewage to care for storm water. Your Committee, therefore, recommends the passage of the following order:

Ordered, That the order of the Board of June 22, 1912, authorizing and directing the Chief Engineer to prepare plans and specifications for the construction of the works and improvements specified in the report accompanying said order, be, and the same is hereby, repealed, and it is further

Ordered, That the Chief Engineer be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to prepare plans and specifications for the construction of an outlet or drain to care for the domestic sewage of the villages of Wilmette, Kenilworth, Winnetka, Glencoe and part of the Town of New Trier, and that the Clerk be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to advertise for bids for said work, in accordance with said plans and specifications, provided the corporate authorities of said villages will pass ordinances which are satisfactory to the Board of Trustees of The Sanitary District of Chicago, which ordinances shall contain among others, provisions for the connection of all sewers now constructed or to be constructed by said villages with said drain or outlet and for the disposal of storm water by a separate system of sewers, and shall procure without cost to The Sanitary District of Chicago the necessary easements providing a right of way in which to construct and maintain said outlet or drain over and upon private property along the route as shown upon said plans.

Respectfully submitted,
Fred D. Breit,
Vice-Chairman.

James M. Dalley,
Paul A. Hazard,
Edw. Kane,
Committee on Engineering.

At a recent meeting of the Trustees, the President sent to the Clerk's desk and had read the following communication from the Comptroller:

Hon. Thomas A. Smyth, President, and the Board of Trustees of The Sanitary District of Chicago.

Gentlemen—I wish to submit my resignation as Comptroller of The Sanitary District of Chicago to take effect at the pleasure of the Trustees.

With renewed assurances of the very highest regard for the several members of the Board, to whom I am indebted for many courtesies during my employment with the District, and an expression of appreciation of the many courtesies extended to me by the officers and employees of the District, I remain,

Yours respectfully,
D. M. DEININGER,
Comptroller.

Mr. Dalley moved that the resignation of D. M. Deininger, Comptroller, be accepted.

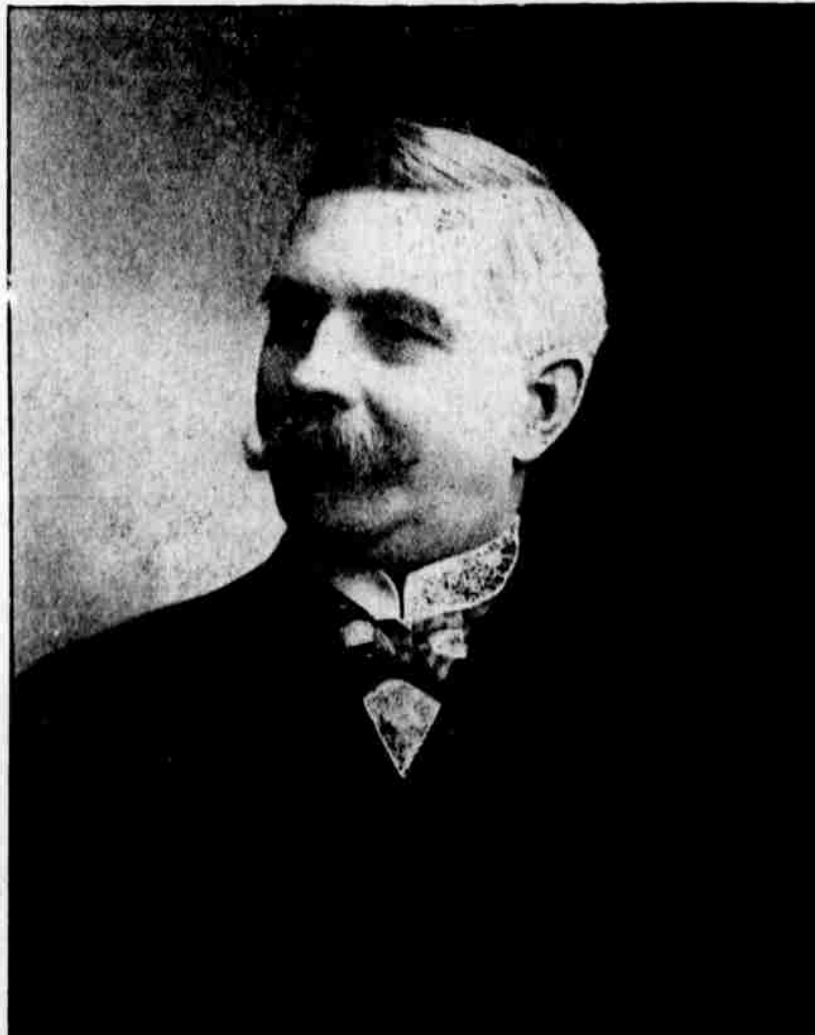
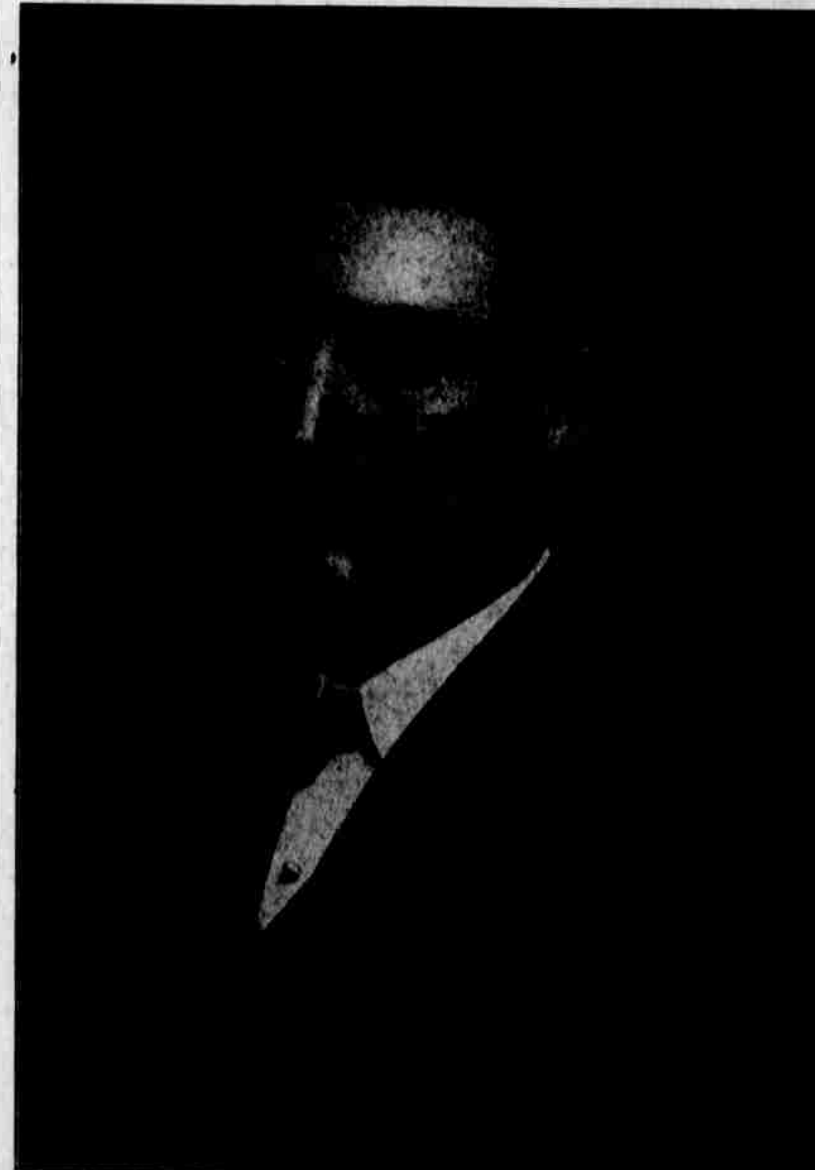
On roll call the motion was carried by the following vote:

Yeas—Messrs. Breit, Dalley, Hazard, Kane, Reading and Smyth—6.

Nays—Messrs. Clark and Paulin—2.

The next big fight commences right away. Petitions for all the big county offices to be filed next year must be filed within nine months. This includes congressmen, legislators, sheriff, county treasurer, county clerk, Probate, County and other judges, and clerks of their courts.

Every user of a telephone is opposed to the concessions made by the city to the telephone trust.

THOMAS GALLAGHER,
Popular Congressman from Chicago Who Fought Prohibition Measure.CORONER HOFFMAN,
Who Denounces Reckless Automobile Drivers.